Embedding entropic algebras into modules

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Quasi-linear algebras are subreducts of modules; their operations look like

 $r_1x_1 + \cdots + r_nx_n$

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Theorem (D. Stanovský and M. Stronkowski) An algebra without constants is quasi-linear iff it is quasiaffine

Branch decomposition

Example of the branch decomposition of a term



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Theorem (D. Stanovský and M. Stronkowski) An algebra is quasi-linear iff it satisfies all quasi-identities

$$[t_1 \approx s_1 \wedge \cdots \wedge t_n \approx s_n] \rightarrow t_0 \approx s_0$$

for which the equality $\bigoplus_{i=0}^{n} BD(t_i) = \bigoplus_{i=0}^{n} BD(s_i)$ of multisets holds

What about commutative rings?

Problem

Characterize algebras embeddable into modules over commutative rings

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An algebra is entropic if it satisfies the identities

$$\mu(\nu(x_1^1,\ldots,x_n^1),\ldots,\nu(x_1^m,\ldots,x_n^m)) \\\approx \nu(\mu(x_1^1,\ldots,x_1^m),\ldots,\mu(x_n^1,\ldots,x_n^m))$$

for all operations μ,ν

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Example





Fact

Algebras embeddable into modules over commutative rings are entropic

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Specified Problem

Is it true that an algebra embeds into a module over a commutative ring iff it is quasi-linear and entropic?

Theorem

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- Refined: A has one at least binary cancellative operation and other operations are cancallative on at least one slot

SubProblem

Is it true that an entropic algebra with one at least binary cancellative operation embeds into a module over a commutative ring?

b - a branch, [b] = all branches which differ from b only in order

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b - a branch, [b] = all branches which differ from *b* only in order Example $\begin{array}{c}
(\omega, 1) \\
| \\
b = (\mu, 2) \\
| \\
x
\end{array}$ [b] = $\begin{cases}
(\omega, 1) & (\mu, 2) \\
| & | \\
(\mu, 2) &, (\omega, 1) \\
| & | \\
x & x
\end{cases}$

 $\mathsf{CBD}(t) = \{[b_1], \dots, [b_n]\}$ - a multiset - if $\mathsf{BD}(t) = \{b_1, \dots, b_n\}$

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b - a branch, [b] = all branches which differ from *b* only in order Example $\begin{array}{c}
(\omega, 1) \\
| \\
b = (\mu, 2) \\
| \\
x
\end{array}$ [b] = $\begin{cases}
(\omega, 1) & (\mu, 2) \\
| & | \\
(\mu, 2) & (\omega, 1) \\
| & | \\
x
\end{array}$

$CBD(t) = \{[b_1], \dots, [b_n]\}$ - a multiset - if $BD(t) = \{b_1, \dots, b_n\}$ Proposition

An algebra embeds into a module over a commutative ring iff it satisfies all quasi-identities

$$[t_1 \approx s_1 \wedge \cdots \wedge t_n \approx s_n] \rightarrow t_0 \approx s_0$$

for which the equality $\biguplus_{i=0}^{n} \operatorname{CBD}(t_{i}) = \biguplus_{i=0}^{n} \operatorname{CBD}(s_{i})$ holds

From previous Proposition we get

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Theorem

An entropic algebra with one at least binary cancellative operation embeds into a module over a commutative ring

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And with a bit more work

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Thank you!

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